

16 October 2023

# Murrumbidgee Regulated River Water Source

# Water allocation update

There is no increase to general security allocations in the Murrumbidgee regulated river water source from the latest resource assessment.

The current general security allocation for 2023/24 remains at 46% of entitlement. Together with the total volume carried forward, current average water availability across all general security licences is around 74% of entitlement.

Rainfall in early October did not produce a meaningful runoff response in the catchments upstream of storages, therefore has been no improvement in the regulated stored resource in the valley. However, rainfall in the mid and lower Murrumbidgee has produced unregulated flow conditions and allowed the recommencement of supplementary access downstream of Darlington Point.

As stated in previous water allocation statements, individual rainfall events can reduce demand and increase river flows, resulting in unregulated flows. Timely notifications will be provided and water users should look to <u>waterinsights.waternsw.com.au</u> for latest supplementary access details.

General security entitlement holders may also be able to access surplus flows in affected reaches, without debit to their accounts (subject to their licence conditions), through uncontrolled flow (UCF) provisions in the water sharing plan. Details about UCF rules are provided below.

The valley has recorded some 56,000 megalitres of UCF usage to date. An improvement in resources due to UCF usage will only be realised if allocations increase sufficiently from future resource improvements resulting in a conversion of UCF usage to debit usage in accounts.

Improvements in general security allocation above 80% total water availability (carryover plus current year allocations) are required to be matched with a commensurate allocation to the Provisional Storage Volume 1 in accordance with the water sharing plan.

With dry conditions forecast, reserves to assure high priority needs for the start of 2024/25 may be required. Each assessment going forward will need to consider the requirements for 2024/25 prior to allocating further to general security entitlements in the current (2023/24) water-year.

#### Year to date allocations for 2023/24

2023/24	High Security	General Security	Average Carryover
Murrumbidgee	95%	46%	28%

© State of New South Wales through Department of Planning and Environment 2023. Information contained in this publication is based on knowledge and understanding at the time of writing, October 2023, and is subject to change. For more information, please visit <u>dpie.nsw.gov.au/copyright</u> PUB23/1094



# Storage levels (as of 16 October 2023)

- Blowering Dam is about 81% full falling holding about 1,325,000 megalitres (ML).
- Burrinjuck Dam is about 94% full stable holding about 965,000 ML.

# **Climatic outlook**

The Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) seasonal outlook for November 2023 to January 2024 does not currently shows a clear indication of drier or wetter than average conditions, meaning there are appreciable chances of either dry, wet, or average conditions unfolding. Daytime and overnight temperatures are expected to be hotter than median over this period.

The Bureau's El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) index outlook indicator is on El Niño. Models indicate that El Niño conditions are likely to persist until at least the end of summer, and potentially beyond. Also, a positive Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD) is currently underway, which models indicate will persist into summer. El Niño and positive IOD events typically influence weather conditions towards drier than median.

Further details at: <a href="http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/overview/summary">www.bom.gov.au/climate/outlooks/#/overview/summary</a>

# Trade

Trade <u>out</u> of the Murrumbidgee is <u>open</u>, however; trade <u>into</u> the Murrumbidgee is <u>closed</u> (as of 16 October 2023) due to the low balance of the IVT account. Water users should monitor the WaterNSW website (<u>www.waternsw.com.au</u>) for daily information about the IVT account balance, the status of trade, and other information including seasonal trade closures. The Murrumbidgee IVT account is operated between limits of 0 gigalitres (GL) and 100 GL, however; the balance can move rapidly. The information presented in this statement is current at the time of writing.

A **temporary restriction on interstate water trades** (clause 71V of the *Water Management Act 2000*) into the NSW Murray, Lower Darling and Murrumbidgee regulated river water sources from other states **has now lapsed**.

The restriction is based on the risk of spill from headwater storages in the NSW Murray system. Although storages remain high, the spill risk from headwater storages is expected to reduce over the coming months. However, conditions and forecasts are being monitored and any sustained risk of spill may require reinstatement of the temporary interstate trade restriction.

More information on temporary water restrictions can be found at: water.dpie.nsw.gov.au/allocations-availability/temporary-water-restrictions

# Uncontrolled Flow (without-debit-take)

The water sharing plan permits general security water users to take water from uncontrolled flows (also known as unregulated flows) without debit from their account water. This is permitted during periods of announced supplementary access. Supplementary access details can be found at: <u>waterinsights.waternsw.com.au</u>

Without-debit-take from uncontrolled flows by individual general security entitlement holders is subject to the following rules as outlined in the water sharing plan:



- Without-debit-take from uncontrolled flows (i.e. during periods of unregulated flows when supplementary access is permitted) is allowed when the effective available water for the current water year is less than or equal to 70% of entitlement (i.e. 0.7 megalitres per unit share component). Exercising of without-debit-take provisions is subject to the licence conditions of the respective individual entitlement/licence.
- The effective available water for an individual general security entitlement is defined as
  - just the general security allocation for the current water year if the carryover is less than 15% of entitlement for the relevant licence, or
  - the general security allocation for the current water year <u>plus</u> the carryover less 15% of entitlement, when carryover is greater than 15% of entitlement for the relevant licence.
- The effective available water in the current water year plus without-debit-take from uncontrolled flows cannot exceed 85% of an individual entitlement's share components (i.e. 0.85 megalitre per unit share component). Should these respective values sum to greater than 85% (for example, due to allocations increasing), then without-debit-take volumes will be converted to debit-take, to the extent necessary to bring the sum down to 85% of entitlement. That is, the account will reflect the new allocation as already having been used.
- When the effective available water in the current water year is greater than or equal to 85% of entitlement (i.e. 0.85 megalitre per unit share) for an individual entitlement, all without-debit-take will have converted to debit-take.

Water users should refer to their licence conditions for individual application of these rules.

#### Next announcement

The next Murrumbidgee water allocation statement will be published on **Wednesday 1 November 2023.** This statement will be a brief update on water availability in the valley.

Note: Murrumbidgee statements are available from around 2:30pm on the day of the publication.

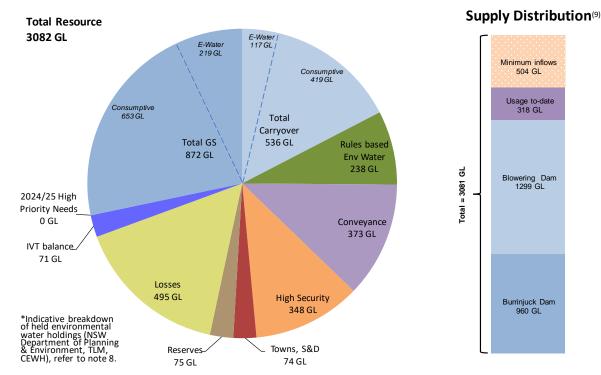


# Murrumbidgee resource assessment data sheet

	Resource Distribution* (16 October) for 2023-24				
Total A	3,081				
less					
	Carryover <sup>(8)</sup>	536			
	Rules based Environmental Water <sup>(2)</sup>	238			
	Towns, Stock, Domestic (100%)	74			
	Reserves <sup>(3)</sup>	75			
	Conveyance (4)	373			
	Announced High Security (95%)	348			
	Losses (transmission, evaporation, operational) $^{\scriptscriptstyle{(5)}}$	495			
	Murrumbidgee IVT account (this is the carryover remaining from 1 July) <sup>(6)</sup>	71			
	Announced General Security (46%) <sup>(8)</sup>	872			
	Year 2 (2024-25) high priority needs (7)	0			



Murrumbidgee resource distribution 2023-24 - 16 October 2023



\*See notes below

#### Data sheet notes

- Total available resource total active storage volume (Blowering & Burrinjuck Dams) at the day of assessment plus any usable flows in transit plus minimum inflows for rest of the year plus Snowy Hydro's assured Required Annual Release (RAR) (including any flex (pre-release) from the prior year), as well as estimated usage to date. Snowy Hydro's net Jounama Release for this year (2023-24) is estimated to be about 555 GL (includes montane release).
- 2) Rules-based environmental water water required to be set aside under water sharing plans to provide for riverine environments. Includes end-of-system flow requirements (currently 97 GL) and environmental water allowances (EWA1 = 100 GL, EWA2 = 41 GL, EWA3 = 0 GL). Excludes 'licence-based' environmental water also known as held environmental water (HEW). This total volume typically reduces as water is used during the year.
- 3) Reserves required primarily under statutory plans, and mainly used for emergency purposes and critical needs. Includes 25 GL per dam as an operational reserve, and Provisional Storage Volumes (PSV1 = 25 GL, PSV2 = nil).
- 4) Conveyance entitlement a category of access licence originally issued to Irrigation Corporations to facilitate delivery of water through their channel systems. Allocation to this category is prescribed in the water sharing plans and is a function of high and general security allocations. Conveyance licences in the Murrumbidgee valley can also carryover 30% of their entitlement.
- 5) Losses the best estimate of the volume required to run the river under dry conditions to meet demands for the remainder of the water year. This includes storage evaporation, transmission losses and operational loss. This estimate is updated monthly.
- 6) IVT account carryover value into 2023-24. Does not necessarily reflect the current IVT balance. Balance was reduced by 18 GL (equating to the IVT spill which occurred on 14 August 2023) from 89 GL to 71 GL.
- 2024-2025 high priority needs on 1 July volume set aside to cover high priority needs on 1 July 2024, for 'Year 2', including estimated carryover.
- 8) Held environmental water (HEW) licenced water administered by environmental water holders is reported here, with the associated portions of general security allocation and carryover also identified in the above pie chart. This reporting of held environmental water is the total credited to accounts (not usage) and is estimated to be 219 GL of GS, 11 GL of HS, 76 GL of conveyance allocation and 117 GL of GS carryover. These entitlements are held and/or managed either singly or jointly by various environmental holder groups, including the NSW Department of Planning and Environment, TLM and CEWH. Details on environmental holdings can be found on individual agency websites.
- 9) Supply Distribution the distribution of supply includes volumes at the time of the assessment for the following categories: active volumes in the dams, indicative usage to-date (may be estimates prior to reconciliation with hydrographic updates) and assumed minimum future inflows (includes Snowy Hydro's guaranteed inflows for the water year, and late season inflows).



# Chances of improvement

The chances of improved Murrumbidgee general security allocations based on a repeat of historical inflows, are provided in the table below under a variety of conditions. The forecast uses all years of available data, which gives a better outlook than using just the driest years on record (dry tercile).

It is important to note that these estimates are indicative improvements only and are not guaranteed allocations. Estimates are likely to change based on weather conditions, water user behaviour, water management decisions and other events. This means water users should use this information with caution and at their own risk, particularly as it projects many months ahead.

#### Forecast general security allocations (%)

	, ,						
Repeat of historical inflow conditions				cal inflow con	1 Dec 2023	1 Feb 2024	
99 chances in 100		(extreme dry)	(99%)	46%	46%		
9	chances	in	10	(very dry)	(90%)	46%	46%
3	chances	in	4	(dry)	(75%)	46%	46%
1	chance	in	2	(median)	(50%)	46%	51%
1	chance	in	4	(wet)	(25%)	52%	64%

(Any carryover water can be added to these indicative allocations)

Note 1: Estimated values indicative only, not guaranteed and subject to change based on actual events unfolding. Note 2: Forecast assumes 28% carryover on average.

# Water allocation guide

The NSW Department of Planning and Environment – Water produced a series of guides to describe the water allocation methods for most NSW regulated river systems. The guide for the Murrumbidgee regulated system is available at: <u>water.dpie.nsw.gov.au/allocations-</u> <u>availability/allocations/how-water-is-allocated/resource-assessment-process</u>

Subscribe <u>here</u> to receive the Department of Planning and Environment's monthly email update on water planning, management and reform in New South Wales.

You can also follow the Department on Twitter: @NSWDPIE\_Water

Feedback on this work or any aspect of the Department's service can be proved using the widget at: <a href="http://www.dpie.nsw.gov.au/contact">www.dpie.nsw.gov.au/contact</a>